MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH - WATER SUPPLY BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION 2016 JUL - | PM 1: 56 CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2015 Srove Water Assn.
Public Water Supply Name List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) ☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Date(s) customers were informed: 5/11/16, +5/12/16, CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Date Mailed/Distributed: / / CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

As a URL (Provide URL Date Emailed: / / ☐ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Southern Sentine! | Southern Advocate

Date Published: 5/11/16 5-12-16 Date Published: 5 / 11 / 16 CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / / CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED): **CERTIFICATION** I hereby certify that the 2015 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) BOOKKEEPER

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700

Jackson, MS 39215

CCR Due to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2016!

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to:

water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Shady Grove Water Association PWS. Id # 0700021 May 5, 2016

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells. Our wells draw from the Coffee Sand Aquifer.

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I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jimmy Pipkin at (662)-224-4177 We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend a special meeting the second Tuesday in December, at the Gravestown Fire Station at 7:00 P.M.

Shady Grove Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2015. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

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			TE	ST RESULTS PV	WS ID # M	S 07000	21	
				Disinfectants & Disin	nfection By-P	roducts	tral of mic	archial contaminants)
(at addition of a disinfec	tant is necessa	ary for con	uroi oi iiiic	Y'l 1 6 Contamilants.)
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	N	2015	.60	.4568	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
				Inorganic C	ontamina	nts		
Cyanide	N	*2013	0.024	No-range	Ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Barium	N	*2013	.178	.176178	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	N	*2013	.162	.161162	Ppm	4.0	4.0	additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Chromium	N	*2013	2.0	1.6—2.0	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	* 2014	.1	No-range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
73. TTHM [Total trihalomethane s]	N	*2013	1.15	No-range	Ppb	0	100	chlorination
Lead	N	2014	1.0	No-range	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. **Shady Grove Water Association** is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

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				Disinfectants & Disi	Fantine Bu B	-ndunte		
	There is o	onvincing	evidence ti	rat addition of a disinfer			trol of mi	crobial contaminants.)
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				Inorganic C	ontamina	ints		
Cyanide	N	*2013	0.024	No-range	Ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
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Fluoride	N	*2013	.162	.161162	Ppm	4.0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Chromium	N	*2013	2.0	1.6-2.0	Ррь	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	* 2014	.1	No-range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits leaching from wood preservatives
73. TTHM [Total trihalomethane s]	N	*2013	1.15	No-range	Ppb	0	100	chlorination
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Fluoride	N	*2013	.162	.161,162	Ppm	4.0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Chromium	N	*2013	2.0	1.6—2.0	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
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73, TTHM (Total trihalomethane s)	N	*2013	1.15	No-range	Ppb	0	100	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Lead	N	2014	1.0	No-range	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

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Proof of Publication

The State of Mississippi Tippah County

		•
• • •	eared before me a Nota and State, the undersion Tim Watson	•
who offer bains		and cave that ha is
	g duly sworn, deposes a	•
	the SOUTHERN SEN	
•	City of Ripley, in said (County and
State, and that		
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a true copy of w	hich is hereto attached	l, was published for
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Tim Watson		
Sworn to and s	ubscribed before me th	is the
11 DA	Y OF MAY 2016	
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Notary Public, Tippah County, Mississippi My Commission expires: 05/05/2017

Printer's Fee

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Spout Springs Water Association PWS. Id # 0700009 & 0700022 May 5, 2016

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I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Larry Jackson at (662)-587-7177. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend a special meeting the third Thursday in June, and the third Thursday night of December at the Spout Springs Fire Station at 7:00 P.M.

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	(There is	convincing	evidence	Disinfectants & Dis that addition of a disinf	infection By-	Products		nicrobial contaminants.)
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		MCLG	MCI.	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	N	2015	.60,	.081.83	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
				Inorganic C	ontamin	ante		
Barium Chromium	N	12013	.151	No-range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride	N N	*2013	2.5	No-range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
		*2013	.109	No-range	Ppm	4,0	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
26pper æad	N N	*2014	.2	No-range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
				No-range	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, crosion of natural deposits
o sample requ			2.6	No-range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; crosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines

			T	EST RESULTS P	WS ID#N	IS 0700	022	
	(There is o	convincing	evidence i	Disinfectants & Dis that addition of a disinfe	infection By-	Products sary for co	entrol of m	icrobial contaminants.)
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Lovel Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (as Ci2) (ppm)	N	2015	.70	.5291	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbe
				Inorganic C	ontamin	ants		
Barium	N	*2013	.251	No-range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
Cyanide	N	*2013	0.02	No-range	Ppb	200	200	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Lead .	N	* 2014	2.0	No-range	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	* 2014	.5	.0033	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	
HAAS	Ν,	*2013	2.0	No-range	Ppm	. 0	60.0	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Selenium	N	*2010	.6	No-range	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
ITHM [Total rihalomethanes]	N	*2013	1.96	No-range	ppb	0	100	By-product of drinking water chlorination

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The Stat	e of Miss	sissippi								
Benton (•									
Personally appeared before me a Notary Public in and										
for said (for said County and State, the undersigned Tim Watson									
who, afte	r beina d			I says that he is						
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Sworn to	and subs	scribed bef	ore me this t	he						
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